



Web Design in WordPress

# Pages in WordPress – Structure, Creation and Editing

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#### Role of Pages in WordPress

- Pages (*Pages*) represent the static part of a website and are used for content that does not change often — such as the homepage, contact forms, "About Us" sections, or privacy policies
- Unlike posts, pages are not time-related and do not appear chronologically
- Their function is to build the main structure of the website and organize information so it is easily accessible to users
- Through pages, WordPress gains navigation logic and a structure similar to professional web presentations







#### <u>Difference Between Pages and Posts</u>

- Posts (*Posts*) represent dynamic content that is continuously updated news, blogs, announcements
- Pages, on the other hand, have a static character
- While posts have dates, authors, and categories, pages do not have a chronological flow
- Pages form the foundation of a website, whereas posts constitute its living content
- Understanding this difference is crucial for proper content organization, as it allows the user to plan the site's architecture before starting the design



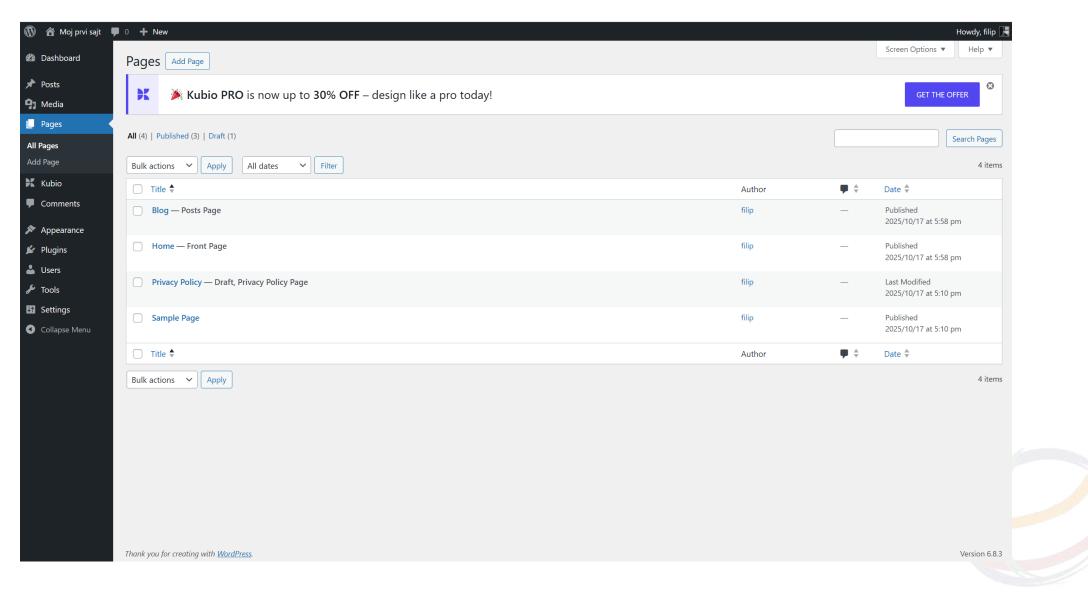


### Accessing the Pages Section

- Users access pages through Dashboard → Pages
- There are two main options
  - All Pages view and edit existing pages
  - Add New create a new page
- Depending on the theme and settings, each page can have a unique layout and element arrangement
- WordPress provides a clear structure and overview, allowing users to easily identify which pages are public, in draft, or scheduled for later publication







**Prewiev section Pages** 





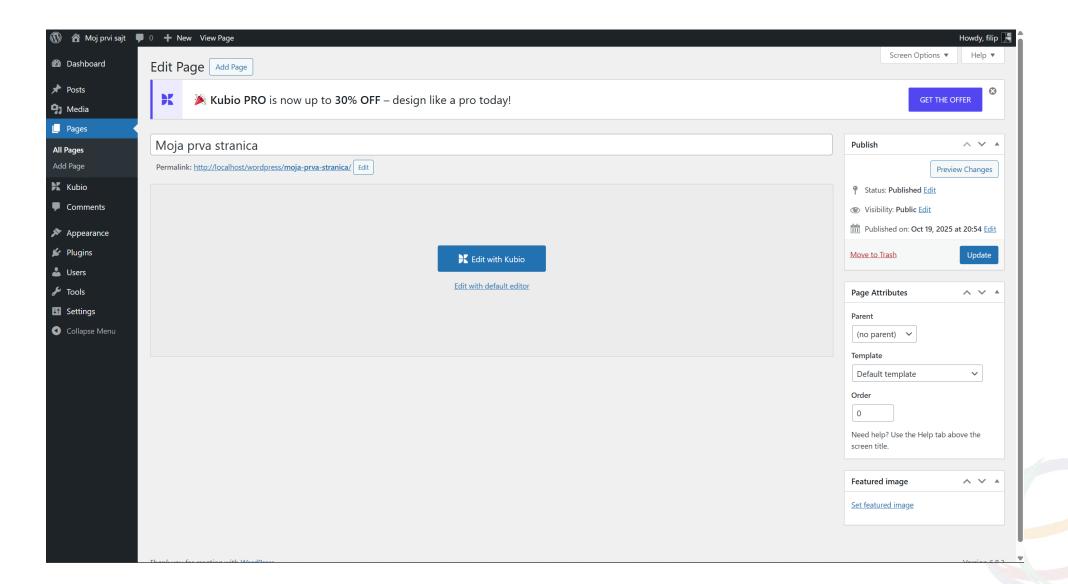
### Creating a New Page

- Clicking Add New opens the editor where the user enters the page title and content
- The default editor uses Gutenberg blocks (text, images, headings, video, galleries)
- On the right side, basic settings are available page status (draft, published), visibility (public, private), and optionally a parent page for subpages
- WordPress allows content to be saved as a draft and previewed before publishing, making it easier for users to plan the site's structure









Adding new Page





## Editing Blog Page Content

- Pages in WordPress can have a hierarchical structure (Parent/Child Pages)
- For example, the page Projects can have subpages Current and Completed
  Projects
- This functionality enables clear content organization and logical navigation





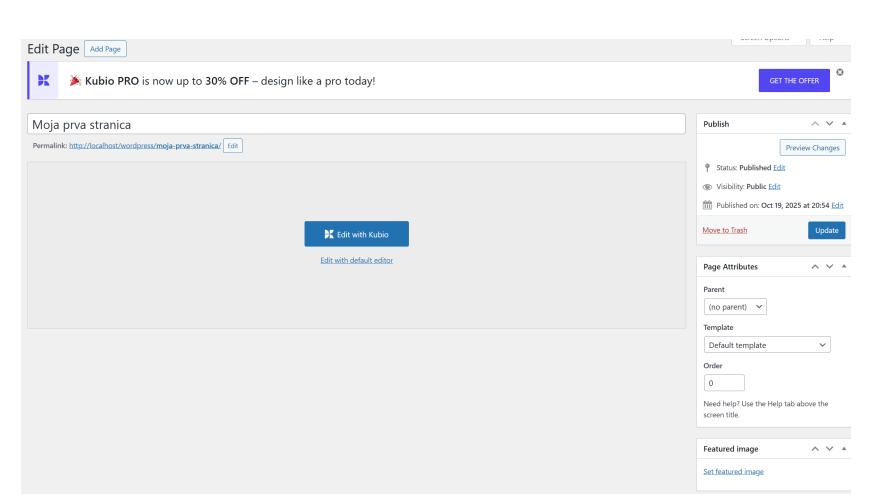


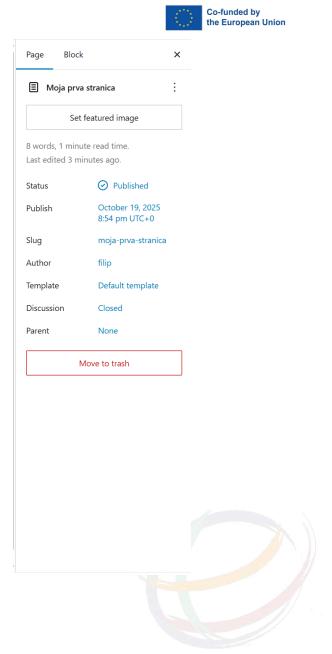
#### <u>Adding New Blocks and Sections</u>

- Within the editor there are different sections for settings
  - Permalink page address (e.g., mojsajt.rs/o-nama)
  - Featured Image main image, often displayed in the header
  - Template page layout depending on the theme
  - **Discussion** options for comments
- These settings affect how the page is displayed and communicates with the user, which makes a difference between ordinary text and a professional presentation









Appearance of the section for changing the site name and adding the site image





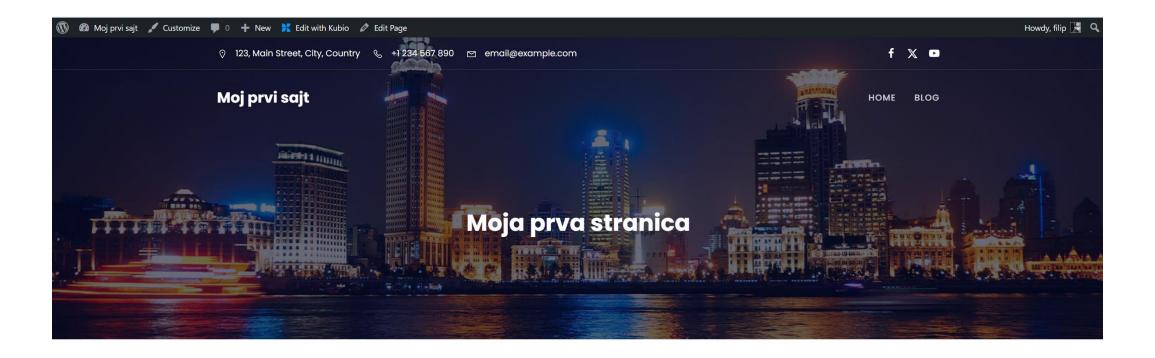
### Display and preview of the page

- Each page can be previewed using the Preview option
- WordPress automatically shows how it will look on the active theme, allowing the user to assess visual balance and layout
- Previewing is especially important before publishing, as different themes may interpret blocks and styles differently
- This way the user controls not only the content, but also the visual consistency of the site









Ovo je moja prva stranica u Gutenberg editoru

© 2025 Moj prvi sajt. Created with 🛡 using WordPress and Kubio

This is my first page in the Gutenberg editor





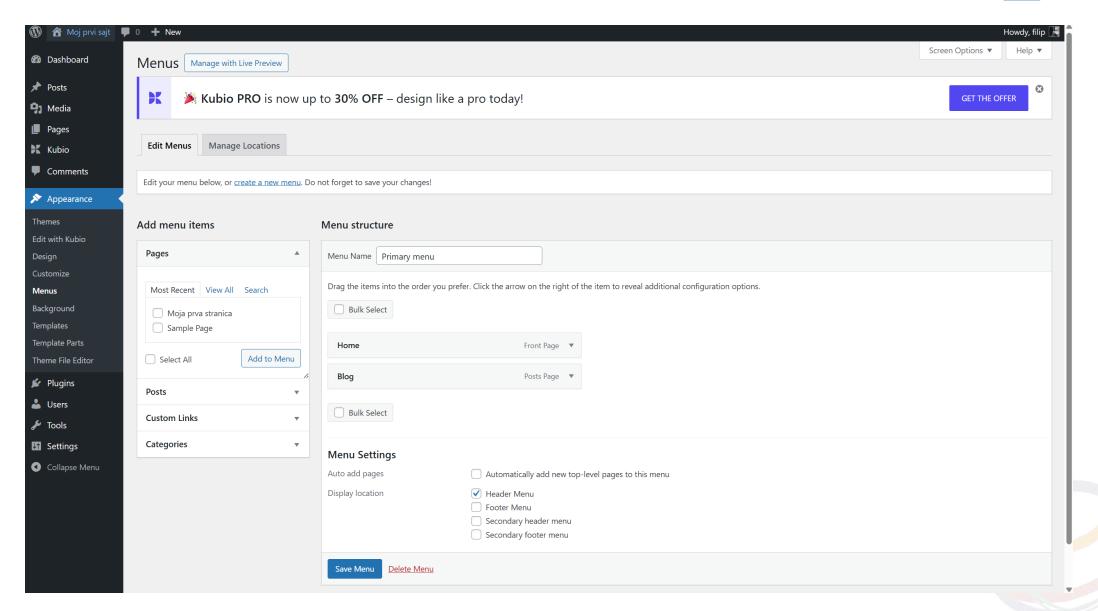
## Menus and navigation

- Pages form the basis of the site's navigation
- Through Appearance → Menus, the user adds the desired pages to the main menu and sets their order
- The menu can be displayed in the header, side bar, or footer, depending on the theme
- Clear menu structure affects user experience and SEO ranking, as it allows visitors easy access to key information









Appearance of the menu editing section





# Publishing and visibility of the page

- When the content is ready, the user can publish it by clicking Publish
- Options are also available for limited visibility Private (visible only to administrators) and Password Protected
- WordPress thus allows control of access and security in work
- The versioning system saves each previous version of the page, preventing content loss







#### Different editors and visual interfaces

- The way pages are edited in WordPress depends on the tool the user uses
- The basic editor is Gutenberg, which uses blocks for content input and provides a simple, clean interface
- With add-ons like Kubio or Elementor, the interface becomes more advanced and visually oriented — elements are dragged, edited in real time, and styled directly on the page
- Regardless of the tool, the structure of pages remains the same: title, content, meta-data, and hierarchy
- Understanding the basic logic of WordPress pages allows easy transition from one editor to another without losing functionality





# Questions & Answers

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